DCT 08 1992 (11)

Latien #21

2. To: (Receiving Organization)				3. From: (Originating Organization) 4. Related EDT No.: Environmental Remedial Action N/A											
l	Environmental Remdial Action Group				CTION			al Kemedi 300 Areas		on	N/A				
5. Proj./Prog./Dept./Div.:			6. Cog. Engr.:			;	7. Purchase Order No.:								
ş.				J.M. Fra	J.M. Frain				N/A						
l	8. Ori	ginato	Remarks:			24 25 26 27 2				9	9. Equip.,	/Componer	it No.:		
l	Docu	ment	prepare	d for r	elease.	•	N/					4			
				J.M. Frain					10. System/Bldg./Facility: N/A						
	11. Re	eceiver	Remarks:				12. Major Assm. Dwg. No.: N/A 13. Permit/Permit Application P N/A 14. Required Response Date: N/A								
						\	13. Permit/Permit Applicati					tion	No.:		
	•							0111273	1682		14. Requi		nse Dat	e:	
1	15.					TA TRANSMITTE					(F)	(G)	(H)		(I)
	(A) Item No.	(B)	Document/Dr	awing No.	(C) Shee No.	(D) Rev. No.		(E) Title or De Tran	scription of D smitted	ata	Impact Level	Reason for Trans- mittal	Origi- nator Dispo- sition	. ,	leceiv- er Dispo- sition
~	1	WHC-	SD-EN-A	P-11 0		0		oposal for to bedited Resp			4	2	1		
2															
							 			-				_	
١							-					<u> </u>		_	
1							-					-		+	
-	16.							KEY				<u> </u>	L		
		npact Le	/el (F)		Reasc	n for Transmittal	(G)		!		Dispositio	n (H) & (I)			
	1, 2, 3, MRP 5,	or 4 (se 43)	9	1. Approv 2. Release 3. Informa	5, Po	eview ost-Review ist. (Receipt Ackr	now. Re	equired)	1. Approve 2. Approve 3. Disappro	d w/comn	nent 5	i. Reviewed 5. Reviewed 6. Receipt a	d w/comn	nent	
	(G)	(H)	17.					E/DISTRIBUTIO						(G)	(H)
	Rea- son	Disp.	(J) Nan	ne (K)	Signature	(L) Date (M) N		(J) Na	**	Signature	(L) Date	(M) MSIN	٠ .	Rea- son	Disp.
	2	l				10/2/92 H	14-5	5							-
	2														
	QA N/A				· · · - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				_						
Į		Safety N/A													
	Env. N/A														
	<u>3</u> 3		Eone (<u>14-2:</u>	i							
Ī	ے 18,		Central	<u>Files</u>	•		<u>8-0-</u>	20.			21. DOE A	PPPOMAL 4	if com	ıi red	<u> </u>
	J.M.	7 Kain	1	17.				G.C. Henc	kej-	1	Ltr.	No.	, i i ed	1 CU	•
	'-//	Zi	<u> 10-2-</u>					Co Hale		182	[] Approv [] Approv	ed w/comm			1
Signature of EDT Date Authorized Representative Date Cognizant/Project Date [] Disal						[] Disapp	roved w/c	comments	S .						

SUPPORTING DOCUMENT 1. Total Pages 20 2. Title 3. Number 4. Rev No. Proposal for the 100-D Pond Expedited Response WHC-SD-EN-AP-11€ U 5. Key Words 6. Author Expedited Response Action, 100-D Pond, 100-D Area, Name: J.M. Frain 100-DR-1 Operable Unit APPROVED FOR Organization/Charge Code Env.Remedial **PUBLIC RELEASE** Action Group, 100/300 Areas/81351/ PE62A 10/5/92 N. Spil. 7. Abstract The 100-D Ponds are scheduled for closure under the Resource Conservation Recovery Act. The document proposes closure as an expedited response action to reduce cost and schedule of the total project. 8. PURPOSE AND USE OF DOCUMENT - This dwith the U.S. Department of Energy and ament was prep for use 10. RELEASE STAMP the U.S. Department of Energy ted only to perform, discort and its contractor it is to ect, or integrate U.S. Deartment of Energy cont for public release until res cts. This document ewed. PATENT STANS - This recument copy, since it is transmitted in advance of pitent chearance, is made available, confidence solely advance of pitent of for use in or ormance of work und contracts, with the the size disseminated are U.S. Departmen ot to be published nor its contents use disseminated or us purposes other than OFFICIAL RELEASE ed tove being patent approval ed, upon red et, from the P my Field Office, Richland, WA ent Counsel, U.S. Department specified been sec BY WHC DATE OCT 08 1992 DISCLAIMER - This report was prepared as an account of work sponsored by an agency of the United States Government. Neither the United States Government nor any agency thereof, nor any of their employees, nor any of their contractors, subcontractors or their employees, makes any warranty, express or implied, or assumes any legal liability or responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or any third party's use or the results of such use of any information. apparatus, product, or process disclosed, or represents that its use would not infringe privately owned rights. Reference herein to any specific commercial product, process, or service by trade name, trademark, manufacturer, or otherwise, does not necessarily constitute or imply its endorsement, recommendation, or favoring by the United States Government or any agency thereof or its contractors or subcontractors. The views and opinions of authors

expressed herein do not necessarily state or reflect those of the

United States Government or any agency thereof.

CONTENTS

	1.0	INTRODUCTION
	2.0	SITE DESCRIPTION
	3.0	BENEFIT OF THE ERA
7 - 2	4.0	CONCEPT OF THE ERA 4.1 GOAL OF THE ERA 4.2 NET RESULT OF THE ERA 4.3 ERA IMPLEMENTATION 5.4 A.3.1 ERA Project Plan 4.3.2 Site Evaluation 4.3.3 ERA Proposal and Action Memorandum 4.3.4 Project Implementation 4.3.5 Reporting 4.4 ERA SITE SELECTION WORKSHEET 4.5 COST AND SCHEDULE SUMMARY
S	5.0	REFERENCES
	6.0	BIBLIOGRAPHY
∼ t	ATTA	CHMENTS
ر این	1 2 3 4	Project Plan Outline
	FIGUE	RE
	1	100-D Pond Location Map

1.0 INTRODUCTION

I.1 PURPOSE

This document provides information for a proposed Expedited Response Action (ERA) at the 100 D-Ponds, located on the Hanford Site. This information provides the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the State of Washington Department of Ecology (Ecology) a general understanding of the proposed project.

If the ERA process is continued, a comprehensive ERA proposal will be prepared in accordance with the Hanford Federal Facility Agreement and Consent Order (Tri-Party Agreement) (Ecology et al. 1991). This will allow for public involvement and regulatory approval of the ERA prior to actual implementation of the proposed response action.

1.2 BACKGROUND

M

.0

-

~

3 3

The 100-D Ponds are listed as a Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (RCRA) treatment, storage, and disposal (TSD) unit because past discharges to the ponds may have included a corrosive dangerous waste according to Washington Administrative Code (WAC) 173-303 (Ecology 1989). The ponds are included in the 100-DR-1 RCRA Facility investigation/corrective measure study investigation plan. The 100-D Ponds were never intended for disposal of hazardous effluent, although some discharges may have contained dangerous wastes. In 1987 and 1988, water sample analyses did not detect any hazardous materials in the water exceeding levels of regulatory concern.

In order to expedite the closure of the 100-D Ponds, this proposal suggests closing the ponds as an ERA as a means to reduce the cost and schedule of the project.

2.0 SITE DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL HANFORD SITE LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION

In early 1943, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers selected the Hanford Site as the location for reactor and chemical separation facilities for the production and purification of plutonium. The Hanford Site is a 1,456 km² tract of semiarid land that is owned by the U.S. Government and operated by the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE), in conjunction with Westinghouse Hanford Company (WHC).

2.2 THE 100-D PONDS LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION

The 100-D Ponds occupy the area formerly used as an ash basin (designated the 188-D Ash Basin) in operational support of coal-fired boilers used to generate steam for the 100-D Reactor Area (WHC 1992). Initially, a

single pond was constructed by removing the ash accumulated in the original basin to a depth of approximately 9 m below grade. The excavated ash was deposited around the perimeter of the excavation site where it remains today. The pond site is approximately 0.8 hectare in size and is located just north of the 100-D Reactor Area fence (Figure 1).

The initial pond was brought into service in 1977 to receive water from the 183-D Water Filtration Plant. The filtration plant stream consists of alum-precipitated sand filter backflush (i.e., primarily water and alum, which is used as the flocculating agent). The pond also received small discharges from the Thermal Hydraulics Test Facility and the Mechanical Development Laboratory, located in the combined 185-D/189-D buildings. Discharges from the test facilities included cooling water from a heat exchanger and flushes from the regeneration of three water-demineralization systems.

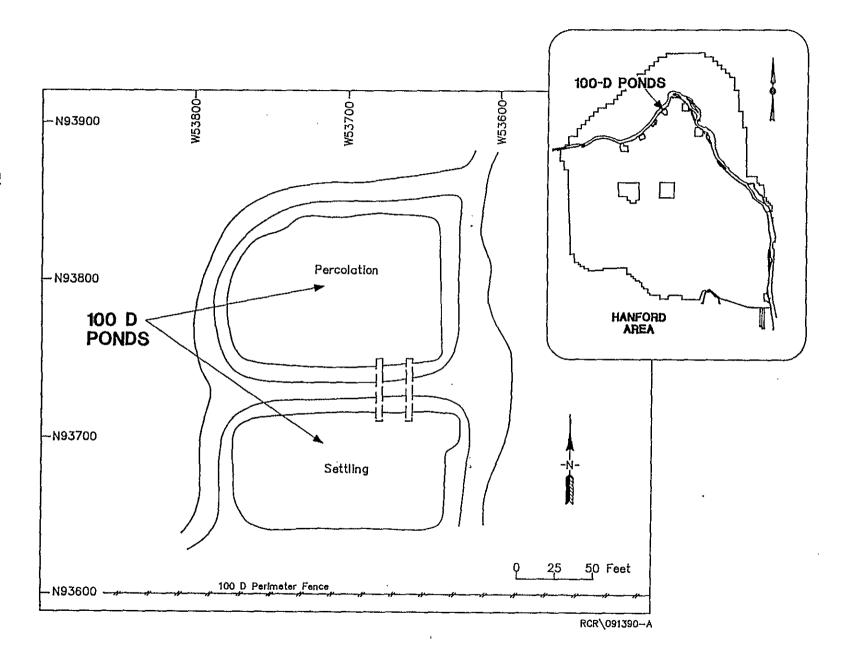
In 1979, the original pond was modified to eliminate a bottom sealing problem caused by the accumulation of flocculent. A dike was constructed within the pond to form two compartments; a settling pond and a percolation basin. A corrugated metal pipe extending through the dike serves as the conduit between the two ponds. Operations within the 100-D Area have been scaled back since the modification was completed. Currently, the percolation basin receives very little water.

* 2.3 WASTE AND PROCESS INFORMATION

The largest discharges to the 100-D Ponds have been nonradioactive, nonhazardous, nonregulated, aqueous backwash from the sand filters at 183-D Plant, and discharge water from the Thermal Hydraulics Test Facility and the Fuel Discharge Trampoline Test Facility. Additional discharges to the ponds have been potentially hazardous effluent streams from demineralizer recharge and floor and sink drains from the 185-D/189-D buildings. All operations at the 185-D/189-D have been ceased, and the buildings closed with no plans to reopen operations. It is not certain that the 100-D Ponds actually received hazardous waste. Concern for hazards at the ponds result only from the potential for contamination. Water samples collected in 1987 and 1988 from the percolation pond indicated that no hazardous concentrations of chemicals existed at that time (Jungfleisch 1988).

Although a potential exists for contamination in the 100-D Ponds, it may be reasonably expected that pH excursions have been neutralized and shop chemicals, if present, would be found in very low concentration. A small volume of mercury was discharged to the drain system before construction of the ponds. Beads of mercury remain in pipe joints under the 185/189-D buildings. It is not known if any mercury entered the ponds from the drain system. Several factors suggest that mercury may not have entered the ponds, or would be found in minute quantities. These include the following:

- Total volume of mercury was very small
- All known releases occurred at least 5 yr before construction of 100-D Ponds



 Before construction of 100-D Ponds, the volume of water discharged was relatively high. High flow would act to flush material from the pipe.

Probable past releases of caustic and acid effluent to the ponds are expected to have been brought within acceptable regulatory limits by three processes: (I) co-neutralization, (2) dilution by large volumes of neutral effluent water, and (3) soil chemistry. The presence and use of hazardous substances in the 185-D/189-D laboratories and shops indicate a potential for contamination, however, procedures prohibit disposal of hazardous materials down the drains. After a spill, cleanup procedures prohibit washing spilled material into drains. With the exception of the mentioned corrosives and mercury, there is no documentation of planned or unplanned release of hazardous wastes to the ponds.

Samples taken of Hanford Site coal ash (Rasmussen and Carlson, 1987) indicate that the ash from power plants at the Hanford Site are nonradioactive and nonhazardous according to WAC 173-303. Therefore, there is no reason to suspect that the ash would contribute to contamination within the pond.

Water in the 100-D percolation pond was sampled on three occasions in 1987 and once in 1988 (Jungfleisch 1988). These results provide information about the nature of effluent to the ponds. Hazardous materials have not been found in dangerous concentrations in the water sample analysis. Since 1977, activities at the 100-D Area have diminished greatly. As a consequence, the volume of effluent to the 100-D Ponds has been reduced so that water rarely flows from the settling pond to the percolation pond, which is currently dry.

During September 1992, sediment samples were taken from the ponds. The results of the sample analysis will determine the nature and extent of contamination in the ponds.

3.0 BENEFIT OF THE ERA

Recent increase in public awareness of activities that influence the environment has drawn considerable attention to the Hanford Site. Implementing this RCRA TSD closure as an ERA prior to eventual remediation as required by the Tri-Party Agreement (Ecology et al. 1991) would benefit all parties concerned (regulatory agencies, the public, and DOE) by demonstrating the DOE's commitment to expediting environmental remediation at the Hanford Site, and by reducing the costs of cleanup.

4.0 CONCEPT OF THE ERA

4.1 GOAL OF THE ERA

5

^

5

The goal of the ERA is to determine the extent of environmental hazards in the area and prevent future potential environmental degradation. Wastes

removed from the area will be disposed in accordance with current Hanford and regulatory requirements.

4.2 NET RESULT OF THE ERA

Success of the ERA will be measured in terms of elimination of the environmental hazards identified during the focused site investigation activities.

4.3 ERA IMPLEMENTATION

The process for implementing an ERA at 100-D Ponds would follow the format outlined in the Tri-Party Agreement (Ecology et al. 1991). The ERA is considered to be non-time critical, such that a planning period of at least 6 months could occur prior to initiation of the activity. Implementation of a non-time critical ERA requires an engineering evaluation/cost assessment (EE/CA) be conducted and results submitted to the lead regulatory agency. The EE/CA will be contained in an ERA proposal that will provide the additional details necessary for implementing the alternative chosen by the EE/CA. The outline of the ERA implementation process is briefly described in the following sections.

4.3.1 ERA Project Plan

~

50

2

13

(1)

An ERA project plan will be prepared that outlines how the ERA will be implemented (Attachment 1 provides an outline for the project plan). The project plan will identify each of the alternatives to be considered by the EE/CA and the site evaluation tasks necessary to evaluate the alternatives. This plan is a secondary document as defined by the Tri-Party Agreement (Ecology et al. 1991).

4.3.2 Site Evaluation

The primary purpose of the site evaluation is to identify each of the physical as well as any environmental hazards associated with the site. Information necessary for the demolition/stabilization of physical hazards will be obtained. The information obtained by the site evaluation is essential for completing the EE/CA in which the restoration alternative is chosen. In addition, the data will be useful in assessing worker health and safety requirements while implementing the ERA. The results of all site evaluation activities will be documented in the ERA proposal.

4.3.3 ERA Proposal and Action Memorandum

The ERA proposal includes the results of the EE/CA, which evaluates the various alternatives considered with recommendations based on that evaluation. The EE/CA provides refinement and specification of the alternatives, followed by a detailed analysis based on: (1) public health and welfare, and environmental impacts, (2) technical feasibility, (3) institutional considerations, and (4) cost.

Also included in the ERA proposal is a schedule for implementation of the recommended alternative as well as a project management/implementation plan. Attachment 2 provides an annotated outline suggested for the ERA proposal.

The ERA proposal will undergo a DOE, EPA, and Ecology review. The public will also be allowed to review the document. As specified in the Tri-Party Agreement (Ecology et al. 1991), the EPA will ultimately be responsible for issuing an ERA Action Memorandum, providing the direction to proceed with the activities proposed in the ERA proposal.

4.3.4 Project Implementation

Following approval of the ERA proposal and issuance of the ERA Action Memorandum, the chosen alternative will be implemented.

4.3.5 Reporting

00

-

CV.

~

Upon completion of the ERA, a final report assessing and evaluating the ERA will be prepared for distribution.

4.4 ERA SITE SELECTION WORKSHEET

A site selection worksheet has been completed for the North Slope ERA and is provided in Attachment 3.

4.5 COST AND SCHEDULE SUMMARY

A preliminary cost estimate and schedule for implementing the ERA is provided in Attachment 4. It should be noted that the cost and schedule estimates reflect the assumption of no radiological and minimal hazardous wastes. Final cost estimates, based on the results of the site evaluation tasks, will be included in the ERA proposal.

5.0 REFERENCES

- Ecology, 1989, Dangerous Waste Regulations, WAC 173-303, Washington State Department of Ecology, Olympia, Washington.
- Ecology, EPA, and DOE, 1991, Hanford Federal Facility Agreement and Consent Order, Washington Department of Ecology, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, and U.S. Department of Energy, Olympia, Washington.
- WHC, 1992, Description of Work 100-D Ponds, Nonintrusive Characterization, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.

- Jungfleisch, F. M., 1988, Preliminary Evaluation of Hanford Liquid Discharges to Ground, WHC-EP-0052, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.
- Rasmussen, O. R. and R. A. Carlson, 1987, Design Specifications for the Semiworks (201-C) Site Engineered Barrier, SD-DD-TI-004, Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.
- Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976, 42 USC 6901 et. seq.

9

•

い、

N3

6.0 BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, as amended, 42 USC 96-1 et seq.
- Roos, R. C., 1992, 100-D Ponds: Characterization of Potential Hazardous Waste in the Near-Surface Soil Sediments, WHC-SD-EN-AP-44, Rev. 0 Westinghouse Hanford Company, Richland, Washington.

ATTACHMENT I PROJECT PLAN OUTLINE

 \Box C!

•Ω

ERA Project Plan

1.0	1.1 Purpose 1.2 Background 1.3 Organization
2.0	SITE CHARACTERISTICS 2.1 Facilities/Structures 2.2 Geology/Soil 2.3 Hydrogeology
3.0	PRELIMINARY IDENTIFICATION AND SCREENING OF ALTERNATIVES
4.0	SITE EVALUATION TASKS
5.0	ERA PROPOSAL TASKS
6.0	ERA DESIGN AND IMPLEMENTATION TASKS
7.0	PROJECT SCHEDULE
8.0	REFERENCES
ATTA	CHMENTS
1 2 3	Sampling and analysis plan Health and safety plan Project management plan
	e

N

ATTACHMENT 2 ANNOTATED ERA PROPOSAL OUTLINE

CI

V.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

The introduction defines the purpose and scope of the ERA proposal. The discussion includes the various reasons and requirements for performing the ERA. The relationship between the ERA and the ongoing remedial investigation/feasibility study activities will also be described.

2.0 SITE DESCRIPTION

This section provides a brief description of the site being considered for an ERA. A summary of the information that is pertinent to the selection of the preferred alternative is included.

ŧ

3

~

<u>د ب</u>

\ \?

3

~

3.0 SITE EVALUATION ACTIVITIES

This section describes the activities conducted for characterization of the site. Information gathered during those activities are also included, evaluated, and summarized.

4.0 APPLICABLE OR RELEVANT AND APPROPRIATE REQUIREMENTS

This section identifies applicable or relevant and appropriate requirements to be considered in the engineering evaluation/cost analysis.

5.0 IDENTIFICATION OF RESPONSE TECHNOLOGIES

Response technologies that could achieve the objectives of the ERA are evaluated. A summary of the evaluation process is provided.

6.0 ANALYSIS OF RESPONSE ACTION ALTERNATIVES

Various response action alternatives are assemble and evaluated. Those alternative warranting further evaluation are summarized.

7.0 ENGINEERING EVALUATION/COST ANALYSIS

Each criterion to be used to evaluate the ERA alternatives summarized in Section 6.0 is identified in this section. The method of scoring the alternatives against these criteria is also explained.

8.0 IMPLEMENTATION OF PREFERRED ERA ALTERNATIVE

This section provides a discussion detailing the implementation of the preferred ERA alternative chosen in Section 7.0. All procedures that will be used or that need development will be identified. All permits, such as excavation permits and Hazardous Waste Operators Permits, will also be mentioned. Health and safety, waste management, waste minimization, and environmental monitoring will be discussed.

9.0 PROJECT MANAGEMENT PLAN

 \wedge

-

. ~

S S Each of the organizations that will participate in the implementation of the ERA and their roles is identified in this section. A flow chart showing the management structure, a detailed schedule for implementation, and cost estimates for implementing the ERA activity are provided.

ATTACHMENT 3 ERA SITE PRIORITIZATION WORKSHEET FOR THE HANFORD SITE'S NORTH SLOPE

in

N!

-0

~

Site Selection Worksheet

Projec	t Name:	100-D_Ponds
enviro	t Description: nmental hazards re d Site's 100-D Por	The scope of this project is to remove physical and esulting from past waste disposal activities at the ods.
ERA Ca	tegory: Time Crit	cical Non-Time Critical \underline{X}
<u>Evalua</u>	tion Checklist	
Time C	Critical ERAs:	
Actual	Exposure/Release	Yes No <u>X</u>
Immine	ent Exposure/Releas	se Yes No <u>X</u>
Ration	nale:	
Non-Ti	me Critical ERAs:	
1.	Potential Exposure	e: Yes No <u>X</u>
2.	Potential Increase	ed Degradation: Yes X No
	sediments, removal	rardous constituents are contained in the pond of the sediments from the pathway will reduce any reased environmental degradation.
3.	Implementability:	Yes X No
	Rationale: <u>Implemadequate funding</u> .	mentation of this project is highly feasible given
4.	Short-Term Effecti	veness: Yes X No
	removal of physica	implementation of this project would result in the all hazards and the treatment and/or the reduction in threats, the project would be effective in the short
5.	Reduction of Toxic	city, Volume, Migration: Yes X No
	Rationale: Implement toxicological	mentation of this project would minimize or eliminate and migratory hazards that may be present.

9

Ø.

ıΩ

 \bigcirc_2^2

6.	Cost Effectiveness: Yes X No
	Rationale: Implementation of this project could occur at a relatively minimal cost. It would be more advantageous to investigate and remove both the physical and possible environmental hazards present at this time as opposed to continuing with the plans to close the site as a RCRA TSD Facility.
7.	Long-Term Effectiveness: Yes X No
	Rationale: <u>Implementation of this project would result in permanent elimination hazards that presently exist at the site.</u>
8.	Consistent with Final Remedy: Yes X No
	Rationale: Removal of any contaminated soil within the ponds is consistent with final remediation which would be taken to close the facility under the RCRA and the ERA is likely to be the final remedial effort needed in the area.
9.	Compliance with ARARs: Yes X No
	Rationale: Since the project would result in removal of environmental threats, it would strive to be consistent with final ARARs applicable for restoration of the area.
10.	Information for RI/FS or Remedial Design: Yes X No
	Rationale: <u>If significant environmental hazards are encountered, the data obtained from implementing the ERA would provide useful information to future restoration/remediation projects both on and off of the Hanford Reservation.</u>
11.	Demonstrate Technologies: Yes No X
12.	Community Acceptance: Yes X No
	Rationale: Positive acceptance of this project by the community is anticipated since conducted the closure of the ponds as an ERA will significantly reduce the schedule and cost of the project compared to continuing to implement the RCRA closure process.

.

ATTACHMENT 4 100-D PONDS EXPEDITED RESPONSE ACTION SCHEDULE AND COST ESTIMATE

The following cost and schedule information are provided for conducting decommissioning/environmental cleanup activities at the 100-D Ponds on the Hanford Site.

The cost estimate and schedule should be considered rough order-of-magnitude. Assumptions have been made based on available data as what remedial actions are likely to result from these investigations. Additional data about site conditions and health and safety requirements are needed to produce more definitive estimates. The results of the sampling effort undertaken in September 1992 will provide the necessary information to revise the attached cost estimates. A more conclusive cost estimate will be provided in the ERA proposal for the selected remediation alternative(s).

00

1

PRELIMINARY COST AND SCHEDULE ESTIMATE FOR THE 100-D PONDS ERA

ASSUMPTIONS

- (1) The ERA will consist of the following steps:
 - Preparation of Project Plan
 - Initiate NEPA documentation and Safety Assessment
 - Review of Sample Data from Preliminary Sampling (conducted 1st week of September, 1992)
 - Preparation of EE/CA
 - Preparation of Work Documentation
 - Decommissioning Work Plan & Engineering Design, Radiation Work Permit, Hazardous Waste Operations Permit, etc.
 - Removal Activities
 - Post-Removal Sampling/Data Review
 - Project Closure (Final Reports)
- (2) Schedule assumes that all data will arrive by November 15, 1992 (and be validated by December 30, 1992)
 - (3) Assumes DOE/EPA/Ecology approval of ERA by November 15, 1992
- (4) Options Evaluated in EE/CA will consider, among other options, No Action, Capping, Removal of Contaminated Soil for Capping or Offsite Disposal

COSTS

1

(assumes removal and capping option)

	Labor	\$	692,000
	Materials and Supplies		200,000
3	Analytical Services		300,000
	Engineering and Administration		520,000
-	Subtotal	1	,712,000
	30% Contingency		513,600
	Total	\$2	,225,600

Annual Operation and Maintenance 10,000

Costs are based on the costs of the 316-5 Process Trench Expedited Response Action. The volume of soil estimates for removal at 316-5 Process Trench were 3,250 yd^3 , at 100-D Ponds, the estimate is 3,500 yd^3 . (Note that these costs are rough order of magnitude and are subject to vary with the scope of work to be performed.)

Ī	Date Received: 9/ 26 /92/00.	INFORMATIO	ON RELEASE	Reference: WHC-CM-3-4				
f		Complete for	all Types of	all Types of Release				
Ţ	Purpose				e revision, volume	e, etc.)		
١	[] Speech or Presentation (Check	[] Reference		WHC-SD-EN-AP-11D, Rev. &				
	conly one	Dissertation	List attachments.					
	[] Summary suffix)	Filer	NONE					
ı	[] Visual Aid	[] Brochure/I		Date Release Required				
I	[] Speakers Bureau		Document	Date Refease Requ	·			
I	Poster Session Videotape	[] Other			9/5/92			
	Proposal for the 100 D Pond	s Expedited R	esponse Act	Impact Level 4				
Ì	New or novel (patentable) subject matter? [X	No Yes		n received from others in	confidence, such as pr	oprietary data,		
1	If "Yes", has disclosure been submitted by WHC		1	ets, and/or inventions?				
ļ	No See Disclosure No(s).			Yes (Identify)				
	Copyrights? [X] No [] Yes If "Yes", has written permission been granted?		Trademark [X] No	Yes (Identify)				
	[] No [] Yes (Attach Permission)							
		Complete for	Speech or Pres	• •		-		
	Title of Conference or Meeting		Group of	Society Sponsoring				
ł	Date(s) of Conference or Meeting Cit	ty/State	Wi	I proceedings be publishe	ed? [] Yes	⊠ No		
1	7		1	I material be handed out	ři	X No		
4	Title of Journal				-			
-	***	CHECKL15	ST FOR SIGNATOR	IES		1.00		
İ	Review Required per WHC-CM-3-4	<u>Yes No Re</u>	<u>viewer</u> - Signa	ure Indicates Appro	oval			
1	Classification/Unclassified Controlled		Name (print	ed)	<u>Şignature</u>	Date		
١	Nuclear Information	[] M						
	Patent - General Counsel	M [] \(\sum_{\text{\tint{\text{\tin}\exititt{\text{\tert{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\texitt{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\texi}\text{\texit{\tetx{\texi}\text{\texitit{\texit{\texi}\texit{\texit{\texi{\texi{\texi}\texit{\texi}\texit{\texi}\texitt{\texit{\texi{\texi	SWEER	GZIN Su	Benelus	10/1/02		
	Legal - General Counsel	KI []						
	*Applied Technology/Export Controlled Information or International Program	[] M						
	_{sa} WHC Program/Project							
	Communications							
`	RL Program/Project				0 :- 0			
4	Publication Services		eslie Br	oun Orest	IL BOUN	10/5/92		
	Other Program/Project	[] 4/30727 —						
ļ	Information conforms to all applicable	e requirements. Th		ation is certified				
		Yes No			MATION RELEASE ADMINISTRATION APPROVAL STAMP			
į	References Available to Intended Audience	[X]	Stamp is required mandatory comm	before release. Release ents.	is contingent upon res	DILITION OF		
	Transmit to DOE-HQ/Office of Scientific and Technical Information		- FO8					
i		[] [X]						
Author/Requestor (Printed/Signature) J.M. Frain 9mg: 9/28/92 Intended Audience					7:51			
				EG: LA	S I S			
				A . oc.	MET			
	[] Internal [] Sponsor [X]	External		a j	015/2			
	Responsible Manager (Printed/Signatur	e) Dațe						
	G.C. Hencke Och Land	9/28/92	Date Cancelle	d I	Date Disapproved			
	10.0. 110110NG (200 - 2	11. 1						

	DISTRIBUTION SHEET						
To	From			Page_	of		
Distribution	Station	() #R/		Date	~ 		
Project Title/Work Order) ununun	EDT No. 15-9740					
		ECN No.					
Name		MSIN	Wi Atta	th ch.	EDT/ECN & Comment	EDT/ECN Only	
OM Frain		144-55	λ	,			
In Frain Je & Lenckel		HH-55	X				
		1921-22	X	(2)		4*	
Central Files)	18-04	sig	<u>£3</u>			
V					· ! 	i	
•							
*							
			<u> </u>				
TO SECOND SE	······································						
MORE TO THE PARTY OF THE PARTY							
•							
Y							
710							
a							
P							
					<u></u>		
			,		·		
				,			
			<u> </u>				
			}				
			ļ				